NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1891.-TWELVE PAGES.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS SUFFER DEFEAT ON

THE PAMPAT

LOUIQUE SURRENITERS TO THE FLEET-A RIOT IS PUT DOWN BY FOREIGN RESIDENTS -- . ADMIRAL HOTHAM'S PRAISE-

Iquique, Feb. 25, via Galveston.-On February 15 a battle was fought on the pampa, at Dolores The Government was defeated with the loss of

On February 16 Iquique surrendered to the fleet. A riot the same night, caused by an in cendiary mob, was quelled by the fleet and the foreign residents. One hundred and seventy-five of the mob were killed and wounded.

On February 17 the opposition party suffered a check on the pampa near Huara.

On February 19 Iquique was surprised by the remnant of the Government troops defeated on the pampa. There was hard fighting from morning till evening in the town, the opposition holding the Intendencia, and firing from the fleet to protect the Intendencia and to cover the landing was fired by incendiaries the same evening. Captain Lamblon, of the Warspite, landed, under fire, to arrange an armistice and to take on board any of the remaining women and children from the town. An armistice was declared till noon of February 20, and was arranged by the mediation of Admiral Hotham. On the afternoon of the 20th the Covernment troops were surrendered to the fleet by Colonel Soto, who had fought gallantly. The town is now in possession of the fleet. No foreign residents were killed. The women and children are mostly living in the ships in the harbor, all the men remaining at their offices. The hospital is full. It is probable that there will be a decisive battle north of Pisagua soon. Much loss of life and damage to property has been avoided by the action taken by the English

Espiegle and Pheasant in the bay. (For other Chilian News, see Fourth Page.)

admiral commanding the men-of-war Warspite,

FONSECA MADE PRESIDENT. FORMALLY ELECTED, CHIEF OF THE BRAZILIAN REPUBLIC.

Rio Janeiro, Feb. 25.-General da Fonseca, who wa thosen Provisional President of Brazil at the time of the overthrow of the Empire, has been formally elected

The election of General Deodoro da Fonseca a President of the United States of Brazil was a fore gone conclusion. It is a just tribute rendered by representatives of the Nation to the Liberal the movement which gave Brazil a republican form red during the sixteen months of his provisiona and lead it on the path of daily progress without it fringing at all upon the freedom of the citizens, as is through a revolution. The first President of the new American Republic was known and admired by his countrymen as a great warrior after the brilliant part he took in the Paragnayan war. Since November, 1880, they have had the opportunity of appreciating his qualities as a ruler and a statesman, and they have logically placed him at the head of the Republic, as use first President.

ATTACKED BY EVICTED TENANTS.

THE POLICE WIN IN A HOT FIGHT IN THE COAL DISTRICT NEAR DURHAM.

Feb. 25 .- The eviction of the families of striking coal miners from the houses they occupied on the Marquis of Londonderry's and other property in the coal districts near here was continued to-day. During the day occupants of eight houses, who had been turned out of their homes, returned to the scene of the evictions in a body, and attacked the police, who were on guard about the buildings. The evicted yelled at the officers until the latter made a charg upon the strikers. During the furious fight which followed the police used their batons freely, and the strikers retaliated with sticks and stones. Many persons on both sides were injured, and when the by the roadside, fainting and covered with blood.

THE DEMANDS OF NORWAY.

Christiania, Feb. 25.—The political situation here is extremely grave. Of the 114 members of the Stor Conservative Ministry was defeated, the majority practically demand that Norway shall have control of her own foreign affairs. The Moderate Liberals and Radi-cals are sinking their differences, and present a united If the King follow sthe constitutional usage b choosing a new Ministry from the majority, it will tend to the rapid repeal of the Scandinavian union. If he appoints a Ministry to combat the majority, it will be certain to provoke a conflict which will threaten public peace and order.

ENGLAND AND PORTUGAL IN SOUTH AFRICA London, Feb. 25.—The Commissioner-in-Chief of Cape Colony, Sir Henry Broughton Loch, G. C. M. G., and the Premier of Cape Colony, the Hon. Cecil John Rhodes, are the guests of Queen Victoria at Windson Castle. They will probably return to south Africa about the middle of March. The negotiations over boundary settlements which have been going on for some time, in regard to the claims made by Portugal and the counter-claims made by the Government of Cape Colony, have been concluded to the satisfaction

A NEW REMEDY FOR TUBERCULOSIS. Berlin, Feb. 25.—Professor Liebreich's new method of treating tuberculosis was described by the discoverer at a meeting of the Berlin Medical Society to-day The substance used is cantharidate of potash, which is administered in solution by systematic injections under the skin. Clinical experiments made by Drs Fraenkel and Hermann seem to prove that the sub stance is remedial in tuberculosis and other diseases Professor Liebreich says that he is still carrying or his investigations, and that the announcement of his discovery was made prematurely, under pressure from Minister Von Gossler, who is giving the matter much ttention.

Attention.

The remedy has been tried in cases of lunus of the head and tuberculosis of the larnynx. It is administered in small doses, and appears to act through transmitation into the affected tissues. Several physicians present expressed fears of danger from the injections causing blood to appear in the urine.

THE CITY OF NEW-YORK AVOIDS ICEFIELDS. London, Feb. 25.-The Inman Line steamer City of New-York, Captain Watkins, from New-York February 18 for Liverpool, which arrived at Queenstown this morning, reports that on February 21, in latitude 40 north and longitude 57 west, she sighted an immense Icefield lying across her course. The ice was too heavy for the steamer to attempt to force her way through it and she was compelled to steer in a southerly direction for some distance in order to avoid the fields. During her voyage the City of New-York sighted ten large icebergs.

A MCCARTHYITE DAILY PAPER FOR DUELIN. Dublin, Feb. 25.—Preparations have been completed for the publication in Dublin of a daily paper devoted to the interests of the McCarthy faction. The paper will be entitled "The National Press," and the first number will be issued on March 7. The McCarthyites will begin a vigorous campaign in Ireland on March 8.

THEIR LIABILITIES £390,000. London, Feb. 25.—The failure of Prier Wotton & Co., timber merchants at No. 77 Gracechurch-st., C., is announced. Their liabilities are estimated at 2390,000.

SIR CHARLES DILKE TO BE A CANDIDATE. London, Feb. 25.—The Liberal electors of the Forest of Dean Division of Gloucestershire have asked Sir Charles Dilke to be their candidate for Parliament at the coming general election. Sir Charles has replied that he assents to their proposition, provided he has • fair assurance from a majority of the Liberal elect that his candidacy will receive their support. Finally organization with a statement, for private circulation will will be filed for probate to morrow. The grossonog its members, yindicating himself against the value of the estate is from \$150,000 to \$175,000. Sir Charles has supplied the Forest of Dean Liberal

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT DISCLAIMS RE-SPONSIBILITY FOR FARRER'S ACTS.

THE CANADIAN CAMPAIGN.

HIS OPINION OF SIR JOHN-ATTITUDE OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH-MR. GIBSON'S ELECTION. Kingston, Ont., Feb. 25 .- A letter is published here from Sir Richard Cartwright to Henry Bawden, organizer of the Frontenae Liberal Associa-

tion. Sir Richard writes, in part: If, as I am informed, Mr. G. A. Eirkjattick, ex-Speake of the House of Commons, stated that I was responsible fo

authority that the Roman Catholic Church has as yet only sounded the first note, and that before election day a collective pastoral letter, signed by all the Archbishops and Bishops in Quebec, will be issued, defining their attitude. This pastoral will probably be read in all the Roman Catholic churches in the Province on Sunday next.

Chicago, Feb. 25.-A dispatch to "The Inter ernment received a severe blow to day in the election of Mr. Gibson, Provincial Secretary of the Ontario Government. Nine months ago Mr. Gibson was defeated by the Conservatives. This illustrates the reaction in Ontario in favor of the Liberal party and their policy of unrestricted reciprocity."

A SAILOR'S WILD YARN.

ALLEGED EXECUTION OF MANY NATIVE REBELS

Marsellles, Feb. 25,-The captain of a steam that, as a result of a revole upon the part of the natives, the Governor of Nossi-Be, and island and has caused the execution of over 100 rebels and has killed their wives and children.

The above dispatch belongs in the category of those ensational reports, the mendacity of which is demor The tiny island of Nossi Be must be and the neighboring islands.

M. Ribot, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, to call upon the ex-Empress. This was accordingly done, General Brugere and M. Ribot calling at the German Embassy and writing their naries in the visitors'

has violently denounced the visit of Empress Fred erick of Germany to the Paince of Versailles on Mon-day. The league has declied to hold daily meetings of protest until the Imperial visitor leaves the city.

Brussels, Feb. 25.-General Boulanger and M

London, Feb. 25.—The Labor Commission will probably consist of Lord Derby, Lord Randolph Churchill, Lord Duraven, Cardinal Manning, Mr. Chamberlain Sir J. E. Corst, Mr. Morley, Mr. Mundella, Mr. Hau mann, Mr. Aird, Mr. Fenwick and Mr. Burt. Members of the House of Commons who support the Miners are without waiting for the decision of the Commission

The period has not been fixed for the completion of the labors of the Commission. It is hoped, however that the Commission's work will be concluded in 1891 the best method of averting strikes and the regula-tion of the hours of labor. The Liberals intended to introduce a similar motion. The Conservatives, ac-cording to report, heard of the Liberals' intentions and forestalled them.

NEEDS OF THE BRITISH NAVY. London, Feb. 25 .- The First Lord of the Admiralty Lord George Francis Hamilton, in the annual state ment of the naval estimates, issued today, calls for an increase of £355,000. He also gives a satisfie tory account of the progress made with the new vecels, and of the large saving effected by the Adva ralty's insistence upon the rapid building of war ships, instead of putting up with the old delays Lord George, on the other hand, complains of the vagueness of the progress of the armaments for the new men-of-war, and of the inadequate provision for mobilizing the reserves.

THE FIRM AIDED BY BARON HIRSCIL London, Feb. 25.-The house which yesterday was eported to be in financial difficulties, and the contion of which was the cause of some alarm on the stock Exchange, is now said to have tided over its the fact that Baron Hirsch extended financial a

MEISSONIER'S HEIRS TO HAVE A SALE. Paris, Feb. 25.-The heirs of Meissonler have de ided to sell at auction the contents of the great

PUNISHING A FLORIDA BULLDOZER .

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 25 (Special).-In the inited States Court here to-day O. K. Paxton, conicted of conspiracy in the White Springs postoffice which amount to about \$200, motion for a new trial being overruled by the Judge. Delay of payment was granted until April 13. Paxton is the ex-post master at White Springs, and one who witnessed as notary public the infamous "order" issued by the pseudo Kansas detective who placed one Long in harge of the postoffice after Morrison had been arrested" and thrown into a filthy jail, charged with muldultery," and he aided and abetted the con-plracy in every way. Yet Florida's Governor has never called him to account for this misse of his offi-cial place. The others of the gang will be tried in

PROVISIONS OF SECRETARY WINDOW'S WILL Minneapolis, Feb. 25.-A dispatch to "The Journal" from Winona, Minn., says that Socretary Windom's

HARD FIGHTING IN CHILL charges made against him in relation to the divorce to the debts are paid the estate will yield a revenu to the family of about \$5,000 a year. The will was executed June 22, 1888, and leaves everything to the immediate family.

HEMMED ABOUT IN MAIL-ST.

WAS SUPPOSED TO HAVE STOLEN A WATCH. scized hold of a short, slout man in City Hall Park at 1 p. m. yesterday and shouted for help. The suped thief broke away and ran toward Broadway The man whose watch-chain was daugling ran afte Closkey, who happened to be in the way, and tried to tached to a passing Broadway car knocked the man down and stepped on his ear, cutting a gash that made toward the Postoffice Building before McCloskey could

interested in the chase, and the crowd hemmed life on all sides in Mail-st. He was thrown down and held until Policeman Martineau, of the City Hal Even then the man fought stubbornly for a few seconds No watch was found in his possession and the man who had accused him did not appear at the

After an ambulance surgeon had applied a bandage to the wounded ear, Dowd was taken to the Tomisand locked up for examination to-day. Last night the police were still looking for the man who lost the watch.

A BIG SWINDLE, IN CIGARS.

financial aid from the Rev. Mr. Covert, giving therefor an option on a half-interest in the island. He intended to press his claim, but death intervened. Mrs. Jessie Benton Prement and her son will now join in the pro-ceedings before the Court of Claims.

A FUGITIVE MUEDERER ABRESTED. Putnam, Coun., Feb. 25 .- Officer Roberts, of It pector Byrnes's staff, arrested at Ironstone, Mass., to

Lloyd was one of three ruffians who killed Charles

of the assailants were arrested and held for The arrest of the third probably will be followed

BARBED, WIRE MEN AGREE AT LAST.

Chicago, Feb. 25.-The barbed-wire manufactures of the United States, after several months' struggling, bers of the new company are concerned. They are now in shape to make a definite proposition to Wash

THE EUROPEAN BOND SWINDLE.

Chicago, Feb. 25.-The Chicago branch office of not be found. Large numbers of poor people hav n monthly instalments of \$5 each. The bonds are chief inducement held out for their purchase is that the purchaser is entitled to participation in certain lattery drawings under the auspices of the Government

A FORGER WANTED IN JERSEY CITY.

St. Louis, Feb. 25.—The police to-day arreste Daniel Geary, at the request of the Chief of Polic of Jersey City, N. J. Geary is wanted in Jersey City on a charge of forgery. The prisoner denies that he ago he drew a check, making it payable to a young friend named Miller. He does not know what dis-position Miller made of the paper. He will return without requisition papers.

IOWA FARMERS IN CONFERENCE.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 25.-The Iowa Farmer Alliance Conference was in session to-day. J. B. Powers, president of the National Alliance, and B. F. Farrow, president of the Iowa Alliance, and othe prominent leaders are present. It was resolved to apply the secret rules of the order to the Iowa Allithis fall, to continue to adhere to Prohibition and a low tariff. President Farrow will probably be the Alliance candidate for Governor.

A DIRECT LINE TO BRAZIL. Baltimore, Feb. 25 (Special).—One of the first prac-tical results of reciprocity with Brazil is the establish-ment of a direct line of stemmers between Baltimore the Elvaston, a British vessel of 3,000 tons, sailed this afternoon with a full miscellaneous cargo for Rio and Santos. She carried twenty-eight carloads from Philadelphia. Steamers will be run monthly or oftener, as the business warrants.

IDAHO MINES SOLD FOR \$400,000.

Boise City, Idaho, Feb. 25.—The deed transferring he Delamar group of mines in Idaho to a London vadicate has been placed in escrow with the Boise ity National Bank until the money arrives from Europe. The purchase price of the mine is said to be \$2400,000. J. S. Delamar, owner of the mines, retains 200,000 shares, or one-half of the capital stock.

HIGH PRICES FOR ARCTIC WHALEBONE. New-Bedford, Feb. 25 .- A sale was made to-day in New York of Arctic whalebone at \$5.10 per pound, the highest price ever paid at first hands. Holders are now asking \$5.25.

Saratoga, N. Y., Feb. 25.-Mrs. Elizabeth Randall, who died suddenly yesterday at Saratoga, was ninety-one years old and was the mother of nineteen children. MR. DUNLAP UNSEATED.

OUSTED FROM THE ASSEMBLY BY A PARTY VOTE, 62 TO 55.

THE REPUBLICAN MEMBER FROM MONTGOMERY COUNTY SPEAKING IN HIS OWN BEHALF-THE INIQUITY OF HIS EXPULSION FULLY SHOWN-SPEAKER SHEE-

HAN'S UNFAIRNESS.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRICCNE.] Albany, Feb. 25.-Governor Hill has kept bi-He has unscated from the Assembly a Re-

ure as a man sufficiently lacking in principi

"I don't intend to stand here and he cross-ex amined." whined Colonel Webster, and with that h ended his first speech,

Mr. Stevens, the chairman of the Republican

ted un if, I thank, the sith of February, I or was again called together, and as seed until February 15, when the Dunk called up, and a hearing on the case seed until February 17. Mr. Dunkip appeared west and stated that so short a time had been thirty-ix hours, to prepare, that they effully ask an adjournment for a week was refused. The control for the case sold be way willing to submit his case the side of the contestant had been printed, and the counsel for the respondent was ordered to sum up his case immediately. He then asked that the documentary evidence referred to in the printed evidence be produced, in order that he might sum up the case tatelligently. This was also rifused. The counsel for the defence then simply entered inspracted, and the case was submitted to the committee.

protest, and the case was submitted in the committee.

As chairman of the minority, I then a sked that the documentary evidence referred to be preduced, so that the committee could make an intelligent and importial report. This was also reduced; and the indipority of the committee, without considering any portion of the evidence, and, as far as known, no consultation being held, voted to report in favor of unscaling Mr. Dunlar, and seating the contestant, Dwyer.

Mr. Speaker, these are the simple facts of the case; without giving the men any clunice for defence, convict him of perjury and brilery on evidence which would not be tolerated in many of the justices' courts in this State on a civil action.

There was a momentary bull after Mr. Stevens had

There was a momentary full after Mr. Stevens had spoke in a clear, strong voice, and in language which could not be mistaken. He first told the story of the ontest and the taking of testimony in Amsterdam of schalf of the man whom the Governor has now seated and fold how the Democrats occupied the entire time of present testimony. The decision combat without any notice, the lawyer employed by Mr. Dunlap could not go on that day, and asked for an adjournment until later in the week. When they met again it was nown that the confest would be taken to Albany, and he thought it would be better to bring his witnesse

and the thought it would be better to bring his witnesses before the Assembly Committee.

"You know, Mr. speaker." Mr. Dunlap continued, with rising voice, "why I was permitted to present witnesses before this committee." Mr. Dunlap continued, with rising voice, "why I was permitted to present witnesses before this committee; and you, too, genitic men of the majority, know why I was not allowed to present my evidence. I hold in my hands the affidavits of twenty-seven men, showing that the Controller of this state, the sons of the contestant, and contestant's counsel, bought votes on Election Day. Take this case in its worst possible condition, and it shows that twenty three men received money for their vetes, and that the most of these voted the Democratic ticket. If they want to dismiss me, they ought to show that 13s illegal votes were cast."

Mr. Dunlap then reheared the history of the attack upon him by the tovernor. He said that two years ago the Governor had determined to carry the Congress district in which Dunlap lived. To that end a corruption fund of \$25,000 was raked, and \$5,000 was corruption fund of \$25,000 was raked, and \$5,000 was distributed in each of the five districts. The Democrats were beaten badly by the Republicans, and now the Governor was ugly with every one who aided in defeating his ends.

Speaker Sheehan had been getting angry rapidly under the bold and scathing words of Mr. Dunlap, and when the Governor was exposed it was too much for sheehan to stand. "Hang! Bang!? went his gavel. His face was ped, and his eyes flashed savagely. Mr. Dunlap stopped taiking, and, hoking straight at the speaker, waited to learn the cause of the interruption, sheehan again pounded the inoffensive desk and then said, with a voice which trembied with anger, that the rules of the House prescribed that the Speaker should prevent any attacks on State officers in the Assembly Chamber. This was a rule that no one clea knows anything about up to this date.

Mr. Dunlap hene explained how the Grand Jury of Montg

o admit that no such thing appeared on the records

in any way.

Mr. Whipple came to the support of Mr. Dunlap in an able speech in which he showed that the evidence was not in any way properly before the Assembly.

I. sam Johnson next spoke. He went in detail into the testimoney which but been presented by the committee, and showed that there was more computed on the Democratic side than had been charged against the Eepublicans. In the marking of the bullets he showed the name of Dunlap had been crased in one instance, and the name of Dwyer written in its place.

taked for an hour and a half, and at the end of that time not a seat on his side of the chamber was occupied.

Mr. Acker made the last speech for the defence. He said at the outset that in a court, when a witness had been caught telling a falsehood, it was enstonary to disbelieve all of his statements. This being true, all of the Democratic evidence ought to be rejected. The assertion which had been made by Assemblyman Hitt, and also was found in the majority report, that no Democratic ballots were marked, had been found to be false. Then Mr. Acker held high in the air so that every one present could see them, a handful of marked Democratic ballots. Colonel Webster then had his say, which was a bare repetition of what he had said in his first speech, while he was speaking the Republican leaders examined the ballots on which the contest was brought. This is the first time that the Republicans had a chance to look at these ballots, and they found that most of the marked vates were Democratic ones.

The first roll-call was on a motion to adopt the minority report. It was lost by a party vote of 57 to 62.

Then the roll was called to determine whether or

Then the roll was called to determine whether or the majority report, ousting Mr. Dunlap, would adopted. It was carried by a party vote.

Immediately after the announcement of the result, Devo got the floor, and tried to put a motion to flourn. Mr. Deyo has a strong voice, and the caker has considerable muscle, and between them ey made considerable moise. This, as nearly as posible, is the way in which Mr. Deyo put his motion: Mr. Speaker; As a fitting conclusion (hang! bang!) the parody (bang! bang!) bang! bang!) on justice (bang! bang!), and in honor (bang! bang!) hang!) have been so ruthlessly tramples and bang! bang! bang!) have been so ruthlessly tramples and bang! bang! bang!) floure do now adoption. While the Speaker was wearing out his gavel the Democratic leader was erring for the Sergeant-at-Arms to arrest Mr. Deyo. The motion had been made before he could be arrested, but the Speaker refused to put it. In this way ended the first of Governor Hill's attempts to get a controllable majority to which he is not entitled.

(For other Albany news see second page.)

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

LEAVING THE TRACK.

Indianapolis, Feb. 25 .- A "Sentinel" dispatch from Richmond, Ind., says: "The rear coach of the limited Pan Handle train from Chicago for Cincinnati Jumped the track at Hagerstown about 8:30 this vening and rolled down an embankment. The cause

is a general strike, involving all the electrotyper a the trade of this city. Nearly 300 men went, out not it will seriously interfere with the work of about 0000 others in the printing trade. The cause of the trike is a demand for uniform minimum rate of pay.

Boston, Feb. 25 (Special).-Messrs, Abbey, Schoeffel eats for the engagement of Sarah Bernhardt at the Tremont Theatre the week of March 9. They will offer the seats at auction in the auditorium of the theatre on March 3. The management was forced into this procedure from the fact that at noon of February 23 the line of purchasers began to form. On the following day some twenty or more had as sembled. This line soon became practically a public nisance, and complaints were constantly made in regar to it. It was ascertained that those in waiting repre-sented speculators whose purchases would probably have nearly exhausted the capacity of the theatre for the entire engagement.

A CONSOLIDATION ANNOUNCED.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.-The consolidation of offices of the Wisconsin Central and Northern Pacific in this ety and Minneapolis is officially announced to go into effect next Monday. The city agents of the Northern Pacific are retained as such, while the Wisconsin Central agents will become assistants. Fur-ther consolidation of interests between here and hicago will probably fellow shortly.

The official figures showing the percentages of the aterested roads in the traffic under the jurisdiction of the Northwestern passenger pool have been made public. For the three months ending January 31 the 8t. Paul carried 27 per cent of the business; Wis-consin Central, 22; Northwestern, 17; Kansas City, 15; Burlington and Northern, 11, and Albert Lea, 8.

PFEIFFER TURNS STATE'S EVIDENCE.

Philadelphia, Feb. 25.-A sensation was caused in E. Pfeiffer, president of the defunct Bank of America. thdrawing his plea of not guilty and entering a plea of guilty as indicted. Pfetffer was indicted with James Dungan, cashier of the bank, and ticorge F. Work on the charge of rehypothecating and converting to their own use securities deposited as collateral with

PENNSYLVANIA VETERANS ELECT OFFICERS. Altoona, Penn., Feb. 25.-At the annual encamp-

of the Republic, Lieutenant George Royer, of Harrisburg, was chosen department commander. The Rev. Mr. Sayres was chosen che dain by acclamation and Dr. A. S. Williams, of Coatesville, surgeon-general. Captain Mackie, of Post No. 400, was elected vice-

TO LICENSE PRIZE-FIGHTING IN NEVADA. Carson, Nev., Feb. 25.-A bill will be introduced in the Legislature to morrow licensing bare knuckle fights in Nevada. It is intended to bring the heavy-weights here. The license is to be \$500. The measure will probably pass both houses.

CHIEF JUSTICE HORTON, OF KANSAS, ILL. Topeka, Kan., Feb. 25.-Chief Justice Horton, of the Kansas Supreme Court, is critically ill with pleuresy of the heart. He led the Kansas delegation in the procession at General Sherman's funeral in St. Louis, and the long march to the cemetery was directly responsible for his illness.

Kansas City, Feb. 25 .- A fire last night in Armourdale destroyed the cooperage establishment of J. R. Kelly & Bro., the Armourdale elevator, owned by J. P. Campbell & Co.; forty freight cars and about 100,000 bushets of grain, entailing a total loss of \$150,000. Ten of the cars belonged to the Union Pacific.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 25.-The Geyser Oil Company, at Lima, Ohio, to-day sold out its refining plant and oil territory to the Standard Oil Company, reported price is \$300,000,

FAYERWEATHER'S MILLIONS. EXECUTORS' DEED OF GIFT.

AN IMMENSE RESIDUARY SUM FOR NUMER OUS COLLEGES.

THE TESTATOR'S WILL PRACTICALLY REPLACED WITH A NEW ONE-YALE MAY GET OVER

GANIZATIONS FARE.

The most sensational feature which has been brought to light in connection with the will of Daniel B. Fayerweather, who bequeathed over \$2,000,000 to colleges and charity throughout the country, was introduced in the Surrogate's Court yesterday while the contest over the will was in progress. This was a deed of gift entered into by the will, Justus L. Bulkley, Henry B. Vaughan and Thomas G. Ritch, in which they declared their intention of giving the whole of the immense sum which will come into their hands as residuary legatees to numerous colleges and charitable institutions. They have, in fact, replaced Mr. Fayerweather's will with a will of their own, in which they depart greatly from the provision of the original will. This deed of gift is in full

Know all men by these presents, That we, Justus L. Bulkley, Thomas G. Ritch and Henry B. Vaughan, residuary devisees and legatees under the will, meaning thereby the original will and the subsequent codicits of Daniel B. Fayerweather, late of the city of New-York, deceased, prompted by our determination that we will not retain for our own use any part of the residuary estate left to us by his will, and by the desire to make such disposition of his said residuary es-

\$15,000 a year by the will left to Mrs. Fayerweather which she may desire.

Second. We reserve the power to make and we retain the right to assent to any enlargement of the provision made by the will for Mrs. Mary W. Achter that such enlargement would be not against the wisher

Morris B. Beardsley, \$100,000. We do this because of Mr. Fayerweather's letter of November 15, 1890, to Mr. Vanghan and Mr. F. B. Myrick; if accepted this Fourth. We give to Miss Anna Amelia Joyce, \$1,000;

vided by the will for the period of her life instead of for the period mentioned in the will; to E. M. Upham, an annuity of \$1,000 for the period of his life; to provide for such annuities we may either retain an amount

Pittsburg, Penn. Feb. 25.—The conference of the Pennsylvania Company officials to arrange a schedule of wages is still in session and will not adjourn before to morrow. The company does not anticipate that the new operative schedules will be satisfactory to all men, for the reason that the contemplated equalization will reduce the pay of some men. This may have the effect of creating differences in the councils of the Grievance Committees.

Forty enzineers, representing the Brotherhood enginemen of all the Pennsylvania Railroad organizations, have decided to act with the other organizations, have decided to act with the other organizations, have decided to act with the other organizations in their effects to secure higher wages. The engineers authorize the statement that the work of equalization on the part of the company is equivalent to cutting down at one point and illing up at another, and will not be \$2,000 given by the will; Thomas Donahue, \$5,000, being the same amount as was left to forestiants, shippers and the company will make four days' notice, which they consider is ample time for preparations.

Philadelphia, Feb. 25.—Diligent inquiry here among members of the Brotherhood employed by the Pennsylvania on the lines cast of Phitsburg failed to clicit any confirmation of a report from that place that the employes of the eatire Pennsylvania system from Pittsburg to Jersey City had presented a list of grievances and demands; nor could it be learned that the employes of the eastern branches had any grievances or demands to present.

Beston, Feb. 25.—The long deferred strike of the Bookean proposition to the state of New-York \$25,000 in addition to the amount given by the will.

The Pressbyterian Hospital in the State of New-York \$25,000 in addition to the amount given by the will.

The Press proposition to the same amount given by the will.

The Woman's Hospital in the State of New-York \$25,000 in addition to the amount given by the will.

will. The Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital \$25,000 in addition to the amount given by the will.

The New York Eye and Ear Infirmary \$25,000. The Manhattan Dispensary at Tenthave, and One-hundred and thirty-first-st., New York City, \$25,000. The Mentedore Home for Chronic Invalids \$25,000. The Methodist Hospital of Brooklyn \$25,000.

The Nethodist Hospital of Brooklyn \$25,000.

St. Luke's Hospital in the city of New York, \$25,000 in addition to the amount given by the will.

The New-York Cancer Hospital \$25,000.

The Society of St. Vincent De Paul in the city of New-York \$50,000; all without interest.

In the event that the said residue of the resilinary estate shall be insufficient to pay the above amounts in full they shall abate ratably.

Each of the gifts mentioned in this article is to be used for the endowments of beds or some other new which in the judgment of the officers of the institution is best litted both to be of the greatest service and at the same time best to perpetuate Mr. Payerweather's memory.

service and at the same time best to perpetuate Mr. Fayerweather's memory.

Eighth—After payment in full, as above, we give to: Union College, at Schenectady, \$100,000.

Haverford College, at Haverford College Postoffice, Montgomery County, Fenn., \$50,000.

The University of the City of New York \$100,000.

The University of Pennsylvania, \$50,000.

Brown University, at Providence, R. L. \$50,000.

Harvard College, at Cambridge, Mass., \$100,000.

Marvard College, at Cambridge, Mass., \$100,000.

In addition to the amount given by the will.

Princeton College, \$100,000.

Rutgers College, at New Brunswick, N. J., \$100,000, Wells College, Aurwa, \$50,000.

Elmira Fennik College, \$50,000.

Vassar Cellege, at Poughkeep-ic, \$50,000.

Barmard School for Women, in the city of New York, \$100,000.

The Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art, as a permanent fund, the income to be used

Nassar Cellege, at Ponghkeepele, \$50,000.

Barmard School for Women, in the city of New York, \$100,000.

The Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art, as a permanent fund, the income to be used as far as necessary for the support of the Women's Art School, \$200,000.

Shatinck School, at Faribault, Minn., \$25,000.

Lafavette College, at Easton, Peon., \$50,000 in Addition to the amount given by the will.

Marryllie College, \$50,000 in addition to the amount given by the will.

Trinity College, at Hartford, Conn., \$50,000.

Wabash College \$50,000 in addition to the amount given by the will; all without interest.

The amount in euch case to be used as a Fayer-weather Fund in some distinctive manner, either for the erection of buildings, the establishment of scholarships or other use which in the judgment of the authorities will be of the greatest practical benefit. The mode of use to be subject to our approval, a separate account of the fund to be kept by each institution, and in the reports of said institution the account to be separately stated.

To Yale College, at New-Haven, Conn., \$150,000, without interest, in addition to the amount given by the will, to be used in the erection of a Faverweather building, the purpose of the building and its plans to be subject to our appressal; but, if in the opinion of the authorities of the college such building be impracticable, the fund is to be used for the general purpose of the college, In the event hat the residue of the residuary estate shall be instinction to pay the above amounts in full they shall abate ratable.

Ninth-All the rest, residue and remainder of such residuary estate, after payment in full as above, we give in equal parts as follows:

To Yale College, at New-Haven, Conn., one part.

To Columbia College, in Cambridge, Mass., one part.

To Harvard College, at Cambridge, Mass., one part.
To Princeton College, one part.
To the Women's Hospital, in the State of New-York,

To the Presbyterian Hospital, in the city of New-

five parts.

To the Pre-byterian Hospital, in the city of New York, one part.

The gifts in this instrument made to the Woman's Hospital being for the parpose of erecting or aiding in the erection of a building to be called the Fayer-weather Pavillon of the Woman's Hospital, and until used for that purpose to be kept as an invested fund the income to be used in providing the benefits of the hospital to women who in whole or in part are unable themselves to meet the expense.

Tenth—The foregoing fifts are subject to our powers as executors, to our rights as executors, devisees and legatees to turn the general estate into money to the payment out of the general estate into money to the payment out of the general estate into money to the foregoing of the results of the collateral independent of the contest of the collateral independent of the foregoing dones to determine the same.

We execute this instrument recognizing that there is pending a contest in proceedings for the probate of Mr. Fayerweather's will, and recognizing further that if such contest shall not prevail a question may be made about our legal rights as devisees and legatees.

We assume no responsibility for the result of such contest or of any such question or for the acts or omissions of each other or for the amount of or title to any of said residuary estate. Our object is each for himself to give away whatever may come to us at residuary devisees and legatees under Mr. Fayerweather's will.

This instrument is to have only that effect.

To make the same as effectual as we can we deliver this instrument to stephen P. Nash, esq., of this city of New-Vork, and Hon. Henry Stedard, of New-Haven, Conn., to hold for the said doness.

In wirness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and scale, and we, the said doness.

In wirness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and scale, and we, the said doness.